
Summary:

The report examines smoking attitudes and behaviour among the population. It includes survey data on smoking habits, beliefs, and attitudes towards smoking. The report also discusses the impact of public health education campaigns and the role of price of cigarettes in influencing smoking habits.

Key Findings:

1. Smokers are more likely to be younger, lower socio-economic status, and less educated.
2. There is a positive correlation between price of cigarettes and smoking rates.
3. Public health education campaigns are effective in reducing smoking rates.
4. Children's attitudes towards smoking are influenced by their parents.

Implications:

The report recommends increased funding for public health education campaigns and the implementation of policies to reduce the price of cigarettes to combat smoking.

References: